

## Rules for integrands of the form $u (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[c + d x])^p$

1.  $\int (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[c + d x])^p dx$

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Reference: CRC 591, A&S 4.6.47

Derivation: Integration by parts

■ Basis:  $\partial_x \operatorname{ArcSech}[c + d x] = -\frac{d \sqrt{\frac{1-c-dx}{1+c+dx}}}{(c+dx)(1-c-dx)}$

— Rule:

$$\int \operatorname{ArcSech}[c + d x] dx \rightarrow \frac{(c + d x) \operatorname{ArcSech}[c + d x]}{d} + \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1-c-dx}{1+c+dx}}}{1 - c - d x} dx$$

— Program code:

```
Int[ArcSech[c_+d_.x_],x_Symbol]:=  
  (c+d*x)*ArcSech[c+d*x]/d +  
  Int[Sqrt[(1-c-d*x)/(1+c+d*x)]/(1-c-d*x),x] /;  
  FreeQ[{c,d},x]
```

2:  $\int \text{ArcCsch}[c + d x] dx$

Reference: CRC 594, A&S 4.6.46

Derivation: Integration by parts

Basis:  $\partial_x \text{ArcCsch}[c + d x] = -\frac{d}{(c+d x)^2 \sqrt{1+\frac{1}{(c+d x)^2}}}$

Rule:

$$\int \text{ArcCsch}[c + d x] dx \rightarrow \frac{(c + d x) \text{ArcCsch}[c + d x]}{d} + \int \frac{1}{(c + d x) \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{(c + d x)^2}}} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[ArcCsch[c_+d_.x_],x_Symbol]:=  
  (c+d*x)*ArcCsch[c+d*x]/d +  
  Int[1/((c+d*x)*Sqrt[1+1/(c+d*x)^2]),x] /;  
  FreeQ[{c,d},x]
```

2:  $\int (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[c + d x])^p dx$  when  $p \in \mathbb{Z}^+$

Derivation: Integration by substitution

Rule: If  $p \in \mathbb{Z}^+$ , then

$$\int (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[c + d x])^p dx \rightarrow \frac{1}{d} \operatorname{Subst} \left[ \int (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[x])^p dx, x, c + d x \right]$$

Program code:

```
Int[(a_+b_.*ArcSech[c_+d_.*x_])^p_,x_Symbol]:=  
 1/d*Subst[Int[(a+b*ArcSech[x])^p,x],x,c+d*x] /;  
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d},x] && IGtQ[p,0]
```

```
Int[(a_+b_.*ArcCsch[c_+d_.*x_])^p_,x_Symbol]:=  
 1/d*Subst[Int[(a+b*ArcCsch[x])^p,x],x,c+d*x] /;  
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d},x] && IGtQ[p,0]
```

U:  $\int (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[c + d x])^p dx$  when  $p \notin \mathbb{Z}^+$

Rule: If  $p \notin \mathbb{Z}^+$ , then

$$\int (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[c + d x])^p dx \rightarrow \int (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[c + d x])^p dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(a_+b_.*ArcSech[c_+d_.*x_])^p_,x_Symbol]:=  
  Unintegrable[(a+b*ArcSech[c+d*x])^p,x] /;  
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,p},x] && Not[IGtQ[p,0]]
```

```

Int[(a_+b_.*ArcCsch[c_+d_.*x_])^p_,x_Symbol] :=
  Unintegrable[(a+b*ArcCsch[c+d*x])^p,x] /;
  FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,p},x] && Not[IGtQ[p,0]]

```

2.  $\int (e + f x)^m (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[c + d x])^p dx$

1:  $\int (e + f x)^m (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[c + d x])^p dx$  when  $d e - c f = 0 \wedge p \in \mathbb{Z}^+$

### Derivation: Integration by substitution

Rule: If  $d e - c f = 0 \wedge p \in \mathbb{Z}^+$ , then

$$\int (e + f x)^m (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[c + d x])^p dx \rightarrow \frac{1}{d} \operatorname{Subst}\left[\int \left(\frac{f x}{d}\right)^m (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[x])^p dx, x, c + d x\right]$$

### Program code:

```

Int[(e_+f_.*x_)^m_.*(a_+b_.*ArcSech[c_+d_.*x_])^p_,x_Symbol] :=
  1/d*Subst[Int[(f*x/d)^m*(a+b*ArcSech[x])^p,x],x,c+d*x] /;
  FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,m},x] && EqQ[d*e-c*f,0] && IGtQ[p,0]

```

```

Int[(e_+f_.*x_)^m_.*(a_+b_.*ArcCsch[c_+d_.*x_])^p_,x_Symbol] :=
  1/d*Subst[Int[(f*x/d)^m*(a+b*ArcCsch[x])^p,x],x,c+d*x] /;
  FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,m},x] && EqQ[d*e-c*f,0] && IGtQ[p,0]

```

x.  $\int x^m \operatorname{ArcSech}[a + b x] dx$  when  $m \in \mathbb{Z}$       ?? ??

1:  $\int x^m \operatorname{ArcSech}[a + b x] dx$  when  $m \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge m \neq -1$

### Derivation: Integration by parts and substitution

Basis:  $x^m = -\partial_x \frac{(-a)^{m+1} - b^{m+1} x^{m+1}}{b^{m+1} (m+1)}$

- Basis: If  $m \in \mathbb{Z}$ , then  $\left( (-a)^{m+1} - b^{m+1} x^{m+1} \right) F\left[\frac{1}{a+b x}\right] = -\frac{1}{b} \operatorname{Subst}\left[\frac{(-a x)^{m+1} - (1-a x)^{m+1}}{x^{m+3}} F[x], x, \frac{1}{a+b x}\right] \partial_x \frac{1}{a+b x}$

- Rule: If  $m \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge m \neq -1$ , then

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^m \operatorname{ArcSech}[a + b x] dx &\rightarrow -\frac{((-a)^{m+1} - b^{m+1} x^{m+1}) \operatorname{ArcSech}[a + b x]}{b^{m+1} (m+1)} - \frac{1}{b^m (m+1)} \int \frac{((-a)^{m+1} - b^{m+1} x^{m+1}) \sqrt{\frac{1-a-b x}{1+a+b x}}}{(1-a-b x) (a+b x)} dx \\ &\rightarrow -\frac{((-a)^{m+1} - b^{m+1} x^{m+1}) \operatorname{ArcSech}[a + b x]}{b^{m+1} (m+1)} + \frac{1}{b^{m+1} (m+1)} \operatorname{Subst}\left[\int \frac{((-a x)^{m+1} - (1-a x)^{m+1})}{x^{m+1} \sqrt{-1+x} \sqrt{1+x}} dx, x, \frac{1}{a+b x}\right] \end{aligned}$$

### Program code:

```
(* Int[x^m.*ArcSech[a+b.*x],x_Symbol] :=
 -((-a)^(m+1)-b^(m+1)*x^(m+1))*ArcSech[a+b*x]/(b^(m+1)*(m+1)) +
 1/(b^(m+1)*(m+1))*Subst[Int[((-a*x)^(m+1)-(1-a*x)^(m+1))/(x^(m+1)*Sqrt[-1+x]*Sqrt[1+x]),x,x,1/(a+b*x)] /;
 FreeQ[{a,b},x] && IntegerQ[m] && NeQ[m,-1] *)
```

2:  $\int x^m \operatorname{ArcCsch}[a + b x] dx$  when  $m \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge m \neq -1$

Derivation: Integration by parts and substitution

Basis: If  $m \in \mathbb{Z}$ , then  $\frac{((-a)^{m+1} - b^{m+1} x^{m+1})}{(a+b x)^2} F\left[\frac{1}{a+b x}\right] = -\frac{1}{b} \operatorname{Subst}\left[\frac{(-a x)^{m+1} - (1-a x)^{m+1}}{x^{m+1}} F[x], x, \frac{1}{a+b x}\right] \partial_x \frac{1}{a+b x}$

Rule: If  $m \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge m \neq -1$ , then

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^m \operatorname{ArcCsch}[a + b x] dx &\rightarrow -\frac{((-a)^{m+1} - b^{m+1} x^{m+1}) \operatorname{ArcCsch}[a + b x]}{b^{m+1} (m+1)} - \frac{1}{b^m (m+1)} \int \frac{((-a)^{m+1} - b^{m+1} x^{m+1})}{(a+b x)^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{(a+b x)^2}}} dx \\ &\rightarrow -\frac{((-a)^{m+1} - b^{m+1} x^{m+1}) \operatorname{ArcCsch}[a + b x]}{b^{m+1} (m+1)} + \frac{1}{b^{m+1} (m+1)} \operatorname{Subst}\left[\int \frac{(-a x)^{m+1} - (1-a x)^{m+1}}{x^{m+1} \sqrt{1+x^2}} dx, x, \frac{1}{a+b x}\right] \end{aligned}$$

Program code:

```
(* Int[x^m.*ArcCsch[a+b.*x],x_Symbol] :=
 -((-a)^(m+1)-b^(m+1)*x^(m+1))*ArcCsch[a+b*x]/(b^(m+1)*(m+1)) +
 1/(b^(m+1)*(m+1))*Subst[Int[((-a*x)^(m+1)-(1-a*x)^(m+1))/(x^(m+1)*Sqrt[1+x^2]),x],x,1/(a+b*x)] /;
 FreeQ[{a,b},x] && IntegerQ[m] && NeQ[m,-1] *)
```

2:  $\int (e + f x)^m (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[c + d x])^p dx$  when  $p \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Integration by substitution

Basis: If  $m \in \mathbb{Z}$ , then

$$(e + f x)^m F[\operatorname{ArcSech}[c + d x]] = -\frac{1}{d^{m+1}} \operatorname{Subst}[F[x] \operatorname{Sech}[x] \operatorname{Tanh}[x] (d e - c f + f \operatorname{Sech}[x])^m, x, \operatorname{ArcSech}[c + d x]] \partial_x \operatorname{ArcSech}[c + d x]$$

Rule: If  $p \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z}$ , then

$$\int (e + f x)^m (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[c + d x])^p dx \rightarrow -\frac{1}{d^{m+1}} \operatorname{Subst}\left[\int (a + b x)^p \operatorname{Sech}[x] \operatorname{Tanh}[x] (d e - c f + f \operatorname{Sech}[x])^m dx, x, \operatorname{ArcSech}[c + d x]\right]$$

Program code:

```
Int[(e_.+f_.*x_)^m_.*(a_.+b_.*ArcSech[c_+d_.*x_])^p_,x_Symbol]:=  
-1/d^(m+1)*Subst[Int[(a+b*x)^p*Sech[x]*Tanh[x]*(d*e-c*f+f*Sech[x])^m,x],x,ArcSech[c+d*x]]/;  
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && IGtQ[p,0] && IntegerQ[m]
```

```
Int[(e_.+f_.*x_)^m_.*(a_.+b_.*ArcCsch[c_+d_.*x_])^p_,x_Symbol]:=  
-1/d^(m+1)*Subst[Int[(a+b*x)^p*Csch[x]*Coth[x]*(d*e-c*f+f*Csch[x])^m,x],x,ArcCsch[c+d*x]]/;  
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f},x] && IGtQ[p,0] && IntegerQ[m]
```

3:  $\int (e + f x)^m (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[c + d x])^p dx$  when  $p \in \mathbb{Z}^+$

Derivation: Integration by substitution

Rule: If  $p \in \mathbb{Z}^+$ , then

$$\int (e + f x)^m (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[c + d x])^p dx \rightarrow \frac{1}{d} \operatorname{Subst} \left[ \int \left( \frac{d e - c f}{d} + \frac{f x}{d} \right)^m (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[x])^p dx, x, c + d x \right]$$

Program code:

```
Int[(e_+f_.*x_)^m_.*(a_+b_.*ArcSech[c_+d_.*x_])^p_,x_Symbol] :=  
  1/d*Subst[Int[((d*e-c*f)/d+f*x/d)^m*(a+b*ArcSech[x])^p,x],x,c+d*x] /;  
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,m},x] && IGtQ[p,0]
```

```
Int[(e_+f_.*x_)^m_.*(a_+b_.*ArcCsch[c_+d_.*x_])^p_,x_Symbol] :=  
  1/d*Subst[Int[((d*e-c*f)/d+f*x/d)^m*(a+b*ArcCsch[x])^p,x],x,c+d*x] /;  
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,m},x] && IGtQ[p,0]
```

U:  $\int (e + f x)^m (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[c + d x])^p dx$  when  $p \notin \mathbb{Z}^+$

Rule: If  $p \notin \mathbb{Z}^+$ , then

$$\int (e + f x)^m (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[c + d x])^p dx \rightarrow \int (e + f x)^m (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[c + d x])^p dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(e_+f_.*x_)^m_.*(a_+b_.*ArcSech[c_+d_.*x_])^p_,x_Symbol] :=  
  Unintegrable[(e+f*x)^m*(a+b*ArcSech[c+d*x])^p,x] /;  
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,m,p},x] && Not[IGtQ[p,0]]
```

```

Int[(e_+f_.*x_)^m_*(a_+b_.*ArcCsch[c_+d_.*x_])^p_,x_Symbol] :=
  Unintegrible[(e+f*x)^m*(a+b*ArcCsch[c+d*x])^p,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,m,p},x] && Not[IGtQ[p,0]]

```

### Rules for integrands involving inverse hyperbolic secants and cosecants

1:  $\int u \operatorname{ArcSech}\left[\frac{c}{a + b x^n}\right]^m dx$

Derivation: Algebraic simplification

Basis:  $\operatorname{ArcSech}[z] = \operatorname{ArcCosh}\left[\frac{1}{z}\right]$

Rule:

$$\int u \operatorname{ArcSech}\left[\frac{c}{a + b x^n}\right]^m dx \rightarrow \int u \operatorname{ArcCosh}\left[\frac{a}{c} + \frac{b x^n}{c}\right]^m dx$$

Program code:

```

Int[u_.*ArcSech[c_./(a_.+b_.*x_^.n_.)]^m_,x_Symbol] :=
  Int[u*ArcCosh[a/c+b*x^n/c]^m,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,n,m},x]

```

```

Int[u_.*ArcCsch[c_./(a_.+b_.*x_^.n_.)]^m_,x_Symbol] :=
  Int[u*ArcSinh[a/c+b*x^n/c]^m,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,n,m},x]

```

$$2. \int v e^{\text{ArcSech}[u]} dx$$

$$1. \int e^{n \text{ArcSech}[u]} dx$$

$$1. \int e^{\text{ArcSech}[ax^p]} dx$$

$$1. \int e^{\text{ArcSech}[ax^p]} dx$$

$$1: \int e^{\text{ArcSech}[ax]} dx$$

## Derivation: Integration by parts

Basis:  $\partial_x e^{\text{ArcSech}[ax]} = -\frac{1}{a x^2} - \frac{1}{a x^2 (1-ax)} \sqrt{\frac{1-ax}{1+ax}}$

Rule:

$$\int e^{\text{ArcSech}[ax]} dx \rightarrow x e^{\text{ArcSech}[ax]} + \frac{\text{Log}[x]}{a} + \frac{1}{a} \int \frac{1}{x(1-ax)} \sqrt{\frac{1-ax}{1+ax}} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[E^ArcSech[a_.*x_], x_Symbol] :=
  x*E^ArcSech[a*x] + Log[x]/a + 1/a*Int[1/(x*(1-a*x))*Sqrt[(1-a*x)/(1+a*x)],x] /;
FreeQ[a,x]
```

$$2: \int e^{\text{ArcSech}[ax^p]} dx$$

## Derivation: Integration by parts, piecewise constant extraction and algebraic simplification

Basis:  $\partial_x e^{\text{ArcSech}[ax^p]} = -\frac{p}{a x^{p+1}} - \frac{p}{a x^{p+1} (1-ax^p)} \sqrt{\frac{1-ax^p}{1+ax^p}}$

$$\text{Basis: } \partial_x \left( \sqrt{\frac{1-a x^p}{1+a x^p}} \right) = 0$$

$$\text{Basis: } \sqrt{\frac{1-a x^p}{1+a x^p}} = \sqrt{1 + a x^p} \sqrt{\frac{1}{1+a x^p}}$$

Rule:

$$\int e^{\operatorname{ArcSech}[a x^p]} dx \rightarrow x e^{\operatorname{ArcSech}[a x^p]} + \frac{p}{a} \int \frac{1}{x^p} dx + \frac{p \sqrt{1+a x^p}}{a} \sqrt{\frac{1}{1+a x^p}} \int \frac{1}{x^p \sqrt{1+a x^p} \sqrt{1-a x^p}} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[E^ArcSech[a_.*x_^p_], x_Symbol] :=
  x*E^ArcSech[a*x^p] +
  p/a*Int[1/x^p,x] +
  p*Sqrt[1+a*x^p]/a*Sqrt[1/(1+a*x^p)]*Int[1/(x^p*Sqrt[1+a*x^p]*Sqrt[1-a*x^p]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,p},x]
```

$$2: \int e^{\operatorname{ArcCsch}[a x^p]} dx$$

Derivation: Algebraic simplification

$$\text{Basis: } e^{\operatorname{ArcCsch}[z]} = \frac{1}{z} + \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{z^2}}$$

Rule:

$$\int e^{\operatorname{ArcCsch}[a x^p]} dx \rightarrow \frac{1}{a} \int \frac{1}{x^p} dx + \int \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^{2p}}} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[E^ArcCsch[a_.*x_^p_], x_Symbol] :=
  1/a*Int[1/x^p,x] + Int[Sqrt[1+1/(a^2*x^(2*p))],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,p},x]
```

2.  $\int e^{n \operatorname{ArcSech}[u]} dx$  when  $n \in \mathbb{Z}$

1:  $\int e^{n \operatorname{ArcSech}[u]} dx$  when  $n \in \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Algebraic simplification

Basis:  $e^{\operatorname{ArcSech}[z]} = \frac{1}{z} + \frac{1+z}{z} \sqrt{\frac{1-z}{1+z}} = \frac{1}{z} + \sqrt{\frac{1-z}{1+z}} + \frac{1}{z} \sqrt{\frac{1-z}{1+z}}$

Basis:  $e^{n \operatorname{ArcSech}[z]} = \left( \frac{1}{z} + \sqrt{-1 + \frac{1}{z}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{z}} \right)^n$

Basis: If  $n \in \mathbb{Z}$ , then  $e^{n z} = (e^z)^n$

Rule: If  $n \in \mathbb{Z}$ , then

$$\int e^{n \operatorname{ArcSech}[u]} dx \rightarrow \int \left( \frac{1}{u} + \sqrt{\frac{1-u}{1+u}} + \frac{1}{u} \sqrt{\frac{1-u}{1+u}} \right)^n dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[E^(n.*ArcSech[u_]), x_Symbol] :=
  Int[(1/u + Sqrt[(1-u)/(1+u)] + 1/u*Sqrt[(1-u)/(1+u)])^n,x] /;
IntegerQ[n]
```

2:  $\int e^{n \operatorname{ArcCsch}[u]} dx$  when  $n \in \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Algebraic simplification

Basis:  $e^{n \operatorname{ArcCsch}[z]} = \left( \frac{1}{z} + \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{z^2}} \right)^n$

Rule: If  $n \in \mathbb{Z}$ , then

$$\int e^{n \operatorname{ArcCsch}[u]} dx \rightarrow \int \left( \frac{1}{u} + \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{u^2}} \right)^n dx$$

—

Program code:

```
Int[E^(n_*ArcCsch[u_]), x_Symbol] :=
  Int[(1/u + Sqrt[1+1/u^2])^n,x] /;
IntegerQ[n]
```

$$2. \int x^m e^{n \operatorname{ArcSech}[u]} dx$$

$$1. \int x^m e^{\operatorname{ArcSech}[ax^p]} dx$$

$$1. \int x^m e^{\operatorname{ArcSech}[ax^p]} dx$$

$$1: \int \frac{e^{\operatorname{ArcSech}[ax^p]}}{x} dx$$

Derivation: Algebraic simplification, piecewise constant extraction and algebraic simplification

$$\text{Basis: } e^{\operatorname{ArcSech}[z]} = \frac{1}{z} + \frac{1+z}{z} \sqrt{\frac{1-z}{1+z}} = \frac{1}{z} + \sqrt{\frac{1-z}{1+z}} + \frac{1}{z} \sqrt{\frac{1-z}{1+z}}$$

$$\text{Basis: } \partial_x \left( \sqrt{\frac{1-a x^p}{1+a x^p}} \right) = 0$$

$$\text{Basis: } \sqrt{\frac{1-a x^p}{1+a x^p}} \left/ \frac{\sqrt{1-a x^p}}{\sqrt{1+a x^p}} \right. = \sqrt{1+a x^p} \sqrt{\frac{1}{1+a x^p}}$$

Rule:

$$\int \frac{e^{\operatorname{ArcSech}[ax^p]}}{x} dx \rightarrow -\frac{1}{a p x^p} + \frac{\sqrt{1+a x^p}}{a} \sqrt{\frac{1}{1+a x^p}} \int \frac{\sqrt{1+a x^p} \sqrt{1-a x^p}}{x^{p+1}} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[E^ArcSech[a_.*x_^p_.]/x_, x_Symbol] :=
-1/(a*p*x^p) +
Sqrt[1+a*x^p]/a*Sqrt[1/(1+a*x^p)]*Int[Sqrt[1+a*x^p]*Sqrt[1-a*x^p]/x^(p+1),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,p},x]
```

2:  $\int x^m e^{\text{ArcSech}[ax^p]} dx$  when  $m \neq -1$

Derivation: Integration by parts, piecewise constant extraction and algebraic simplification

Basis:  $\partial_x e^{\text{ArcSech}[ax^p]} = -\frac{p}{a x^{p+1}} - \frac{p}{a x^{p+1} (1-a x^p)} \sqrt{\frac{1-a x^p}{1+a x^p}}$

Basis:  $\partial_x \left( \sqrt{\frac{1-a x^p}{1+a x^p}} / \sqrt{\frac{1-a x^p}{1+a x^p}} \right) = 0$

Basis:  $\sqrt{\frac{1-a x^p}{1+a x^p}} / \sqrt{\frac{1-a x^p}{1+a x^p}} = \sqrt{1+a x^p} \sqrt{\frac{1}{1+a x^p}}$

Rule: If  $m \neq -1$ , then

$$\int x^m e^{\text{ArcSech}[ax^p]} dx \rightarrow \frac{x^{m+1} e^{\text{ArcSech}[ax^p]}}{m+1} + \frac{p}{a(m+1)} \int x^{m-p} dx + \frac{p \sqrt{1+a x^p}}{a(m+1)} \sqrt{\frac{1}{1+a x^p}} \int \frac{x^{m-p}}{\sqrt{1+a x^p} \sqrt{1-a x^p}} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[x^m.*E^ArcSech[a.*x^p], x_Symbol] :=
  x^(m+1)*E^ArcSech[a*x^p]/(m+1) +
  p/(a*(m+1))*Int[x^(m-p),x] +
  p*Sqrt[1+a*x^p]/(a*(m+1))*Sqrt[1/(1+a*x^p)]*Int[x^(m-p)/(Sqrt[1+a*x^p]*Sqrt[1-a*x^p]),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,m,p},x] && NeQ[m,-1]
```

2:  $\int x^m e^{\text{ArcCsch}[z]} dz$

Derivation: Algebraic simplification

Basis:  $e^{\text{ArcCsch}[z]} = \frac{1}{z} + \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{z^2}}$

Rule:

$$\int x^m e^{\operatorname{ArcCsch}[ax^p]} dx \rightarrow \frac{1}{a} \int x^{m-p} dx + \int x^m \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^{2p}}} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[x^m.*E^ArcCsch[a.*x^p], x_Symbol] :=
  1/a*Int[x^(m-p), x] + Int[x^m*Sqrt[1+1/(a^2*x^(2*p))], x] /;
FreeQ[{a,m,p},x]
```

2.  $\int x^m e^n \operatorname{ArcSech}[u] dx$

1:  $\int x^m e^n \operatorname{ArcSech}[u] dx$  when  $n \in \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Algebraic simplification

Basis:  $e^{\operatorname{ArcSech}[z]} = \frac{1}{z} + \frac{1+z}{z} \sqrt{\frac{1-z}{1+z}} = \frac{1}{z} + \sqrt{\frac{1-z}{1+z}} + \frac{1}{z} \sqrt{\frac{1-z}{1+z}}$

Basis:  $e^n \operatorname{ArcSech}[z] = \left( \frac{1}{z} + \sqrt{-1 + \frac{1}{z}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{z}} \right)^n$

Rule: If  $n \in \mathbb{Z}$ , then

$$\int x^m e^n \operatorname{ArcSech}[u] dx \rightarrow \int x^m \left( \frac{1}{u} + \sqrt{\frac{1-u}{1+u}} + \frac{1}{u} \sqrt{\frac{1-u}{1+u}} \right)^n dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[x^m.*E^(n.*ArcSech[u]), x_Symbol] :=
  Int[x^m*(1/u + Sqrt[(1-u)/(1+u)] + 1/u*Sqrt[(1-u)/(1+u)])^n, x] /;
FreeQ[m,x] && IntegerQ[n]
```

**2:**  $\int x^m e^{n \operatorname{ArcCsch}[u]} dx$  when  $n \in \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Algebraic simplification

Basis:  $e^{n \operatorname{ArcCsch}[z]} = \left( \frac{1}{z} + \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{z^2}} \right)^n$

Rule: If  $n \in \mathbb{Z}$ , then

$$\int x^m e^{n \operatorname{ArcCsch}[u]} dx \rightarrow \int x^m \left( \frac{1}{u} + \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{u^2}} \right)^n du$$

Program code:

```
Int[x^m.*E^(n.*ArcCsch[u_]), x_Symbol] :=
  Int[x^m*(1/u + Sqrt[1+1/u^2])^n,x] /;
FreeQ[m,x] && IntegerQ[n]
```

**3:**  $\int \frac{e^{\operatorname{ArcSech}[cx]}}{a + bx^2} dx$  when  $b + ac^2 = 0$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis:  $\frac{e^{\operatorname{ArcSech}[x]}}{1-x^2} = \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{1+x}}}{x\sqrt{1-x}} + \frac{1}{x(1-x^2)}$

Basis: If  $b + ac^2 = 0$ , then  $\frac{e^{\operatorname{ArcSech}[cx]}}{a+b x^2} = \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{1+cx}}}{acx\sqrt{1-cx}} + \frac{1}{cx(a+bx^2)}$

Rule: If  $b + ac^2 = 0$ , then

$$\int \frac{e^{\text{ArcSech}[cx]}}{a + bx^2} dx \rightarrow \frac{1}{ac} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{1+cx}}}{x \sqrt{1-cx}} dx + \frac{1}{c} \int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^2)} dx$$

Basis:  $\frac{e^{\text{ArcCsch}[x]}}{1+x^2} = \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{1+\frac{1}{x^2}}} + \frac{1}{x(1+x^2)}$

Basis: If  $b - ac^2 = 0$ , then  $\frac{e^{\text{ArcCsch}[cx]}}{a+b x^2} = \frac{1}{ac^2 x^2 \sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} + \frac{1}{cx(a+bx^2)}$

Rule: If  $b - ac^2 = 0$ , then

$$\int \frac{e^{\text{ArcCsch}[cx]}}{a + bx^2} dx \rightarrow \frac{1}{ac^2} \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} dx + \frac{1}{c} \int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^2)} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[E^(ArcSech[c_.*x_])/(a_+b_.*x_^2), x_Symbol] :=
  1/(a*c)*Int[Sqrt[1/(1+c*x)]/(x*Sqrt[1-c*x]), x] + 1/c*Int[1/(x*(a+b*x^2)), x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c},x] && EqQ[b+a*c^2,0]
```

```
Int[E^(ArcCsch[c_.*x_])/(a_+b_.*x_^2), x_Symbol] :=
  1/(a*c^2)*Int[1/(x^2*Sqrt[1+1/(c^2*x^2)]), x] + 1/c*Int[1/(x*(a+b*x^2)), x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c},x] && EqQ[b-a*c^2,0]
```

4:  $\int \frac{(dx)^m e^{\text{ArcSech}[cx]}}{a + bx^2} dx$  when  $b + ac^2 = 0$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis:  $\frac{e^{\text{ArcSech}[x]}}{1-x^2} = \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{1+x}}}{x \sqrt{1-x}} + \frac{1}{x(1-x^2)}$

Basis: If  $b + a c^2 = 0$ , then  $\frac{(d x)^m e^{\text{ArcSech}[c x]}}{a+b x^2} == \frac{d (d x)^{m-1} \sqrt{\frac{1}{1+c x}}}{a c \sqrt{1-c x}} + \frac{d (d x)^{m-1}}{c (a+b x^2)}$

Rule: If  $b + a c^2 = 0$ , then

$$\int \frac{(d x)^m e^{\text{ArcSech}[c x]}}{a+b x^2} dx \rightarrow \frac{d}{a c} \int \frac{(d x)^{m-1} \sqrt{\frac{1}{1+c x}}}{\sqrt{1-c x}} dx + \frac{d}{c} \int \frac{(d x)^{m-1}}{a+b x^2} dx$$

Basis:  $\frac{e^{\text{ArcCsch}[x]}}{1+x^2} == \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{1+\frac{1}{x^2}}} + \frac{1}{x (1+x^2)}$

Basis: If  $b - a c^2 = 0$ , then  $\frac{(d x)^m e^{\text{ArcCsch}[c x]}}{a+b x^2} == \frac{d^2 (d x)^{m-2}}{a c^2 \sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} + \frac{d (d x)^{m-1}}{c (a+b x^2)}$

Rule: If  $b - a c^2 = 0$ , then

$$\int \frac{(d x)^m e^{\text{ArcCsch}[c x]}}{a+b x^2} dx \rightarrow \frac{d^2}{a c^2} \int \frac{(d x)^{m-2}}{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} dx + \frac{d}{c} \int \frac{(d x)^{m-1}}{a+b x^2} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(d_.*x_)^m.*E^(ArcSech[c_.*x_])/((a+b_.*x_)^2), x_Symbol] :=
  d/(a*c)*Int[(d*x)^(m-1)*Sqrt[1/(1+c*x)]/Sqrt[1-c*x],x] + d/c*Int[(d*x)^(m-1)/(a+b*x^2),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,m},x] && EqQ[b+a*c^2,0]
```

```
Int[(d_.*x_)^m.*E^(ArcCsch[c_.*x_])/((a+b_.*x_)^2), x_Symbol] :=
  d^2/(a*c^2)*Int[(d*x)^(m-2)/Sqrt[1+1/(c^2*x^2)],x] + d/c*Int[(d*x)^(m-1)/(a+b*x^2),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,m},x] && EqQ[b-a*c^2,0]
```

3.  $\int v (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[u]) dx$  when  $u$  is free of inverse functions

1.  $\int \operatorname{ArcSech}[u] dx$  when  $u$  is free of inverse functions

1:  $\int \operatorname{ArcSech}[u] dx$  when  $u$  is free of inverse functions

Derivation: Integration by parts and piecewise constant extraction

Basis:  $\partial_x \operatorname{ArcSech}[f[x]] = -\frac{\partial_x f[x]}{f[x]^2 \sqrt{-1 + \frac{1}{f[x]}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{f[x]}}}$

Basis:  $\partial_x \frac{\sqrt{1-f[x]^2}}{f[x] \sqrt{-1+\frac{1}{f[x]}} \sqrt{1+\frac{1}{f[x]}}} = 0$

Rule: If  $u$  is free of inverse functions, then

$$\int \operatorname{ArcSech}[u] dx \rightarrow x \operatorname{ArcSech}[u] + \int \frac{x \partial_x u}{u^2 \sqrt{-1 + \frac{1}{u}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{u}}} dx \rightarrow x \operatorname{ArcSech}[u] + \frac{\sqrt{1-u^2}}{u \sqrt{-1 + \frac{1}{u}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{u}}} \int \frac{x \partial_x u}{u \sqrt{1-u^2}} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[ArcSech[u_],x_Symbol] :=
  x*ArcSech[u] +
  Sqrt[1-u^2]/(u*Sqrt[-1+1/u]*Sqrt[1+1/u])*Int[Simplify[Integrand[x*D[u,x]/(u*Sqrt[1-u^2]),x],x] /;
InverseFunctionFreeQ[u,x] && Not[FunctionOfExponentialQ[u,x]]]
```

2:  $\int \operatorname{ArcCsch}[u] dx$  when  $u$  is free of inverse functions

Derivation: Integration by parts and piecewise constant extraction

$$\text{Basis: } \partial_x \text{ArcCsch}[f[x]] = -\frac{\partial_x f[x]}{f[x]^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{f[x]^2}}} = \frac{\partial_x f[x]}{\sqrt{-f[x]^2} \sqrt{-1 - f[x]^2}}$$

$$\text{Basis: } \partial_x \frac{f[x]}{\sqrt{-f[x]^2}} = 0$$

Rule: If  $u$  is free of inverse functions, then

$$\int \text{ArcCsch}[u] dx \rightarrow x \text{ArcCsch}[u] - \int \frac{x \partial_x u}{\sqrt{-u^2} \sqrt{-1 - u^2}} dx \rightarrow x \text{ArcCsch}[u] - \frac{u}{\sqrt{-u^2}} \int \frac{x \partial_x u}{u \sqrt{-1 - u^2}} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[ArcCsch[u_],x_Symbol] :=
  x*ArcCsch[u] -
  u/Sqrt[-u^2]*Int[SimplifyIntegrand[x*D[u,x]/(u*Sqrt[-1-u^2]),x],x] /;
InverseFunctionFreeQ[u,x] && Not[FunctionOfExponentialQ[u,x]]
```

2.  $\int (c + d x)^m (a + b \text{ArcSech}[u]) dx$  when  $m \neq -1$   $\wedge$   $u$  is free of inverse functions

1:  $\int (c + d x)^m (a + b \text{ArcSech}[u]) dx$  when  $m \neq -1$   $\wedge$   $u$  is free of inverse functions

Derivation: Integration by parts and piecewise constant extraction

$$\text{Basis: } \partial_x \text{ArcSech}[f[x]] = -\frac{\partial_x f[x]}{f[x]^2 \sqrt{-1 + \frac{1}{f[x]}}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{f[x]}}$$

$$\text{Basis: } \partial_x \frac{\sqrt{1-f[x]^2}}{f[x] \sqrt{-1+\frac{1}{f[x]}}} \sqrt{1+\frac{1}{f[x]}} = 0$$

Rule: If  $m \neq -1$   $\wedge$  if  $u$  is free of inverse functions, then

$$\int (c + d x)^m (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[u]) dx \rightarrow \frac{(c + d x)^{m+1} (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[u])}{d (m+1)} + \frac{b}{d (m+1)} \int \frac{(c + d x)^{m+1} \partial_x u}{u^2 \sqrt{-1 + \frac{1}{u}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{u}}} dx$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{(c + d x)^{m+1} (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[u])}{d (m+1)} + \frac{b \sqrt{1 - u^2}}{d (m+1) u \sqrt{-1 + \frac{1}{u}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{u}}} \int \frac{(c + d x)^{m+1} \partial_x u}{u \sqrt{1 - u^2}} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(c_.+d_.*x_)^m_.*(a_.+b_.*ArcSech[u_]),x_Symbol] :=
  (c+d*x)^(m+1)*(a+b*ArcSech[u])/(d*(m+1)) +
  b*Sqrt[1-u^2]/(d*(m+1)*u*Sqrt[-1+1/u]*Sqrt[1+1/u])*Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(c+d*x)^(m+1)*D[u,x]/(u*Sqrt[1-u^2]),x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,m},x] && NeQ[m,-1] && InverseFunctionFreeQ[u,x] && Not[FunctionOfQ[(c+d*x)^(m+1),u,x]] && Not[FunctionOfExponentialQ[u,x]]
```

2:  $\int (c + d x)^m (a + b \operatorname{ArcCsch}[u]) dx$  when  $m \neq -1$   $\wedge u$  is free of inverse functions

Derivation: Integration by parts and piecewise constant extraction

$$\text{Basis: } \partial_x (a + b \operatorname{ArcCsch}[f[x]]) = -\frac{b \partial_x f[x]}{f[x]^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{f[x]^2}}} = \frac{b \partial_x f[x]}{\sqrt{-f[x]^2} \sqrt{-1 - f[x]^2}}$$

$$\text{Basis: } \partial_x \frac{f[x]}{\sqrt{-f[x]^2}} = 0$$

Rule: If  $m \neq -1$   $\wedge u$  is free of inverse functions, then

$$\begin{aligned} \int (c + d x)^m (a + b \operatorname{ArcCsch}[u]) dx &\rightarrow \frac{(c + d x)^{m+1} (a + b \operatorname{ArcCsch}[u])}{d(m+1)} - \frac{b}{d(m+1)} \int \frac{(c + d x)^{m+1} \partial_x u}{\sqrt{-u^2} \sqrt{-1 - u^2}} dx \\ &\rightarrow \frac{(c + d x)^{m+1} (a + b \operatorname{ArcCsch}[u])}{d(m+1)} - \frac{b u}{d(m+1) \sqrt{-u^2}} \int \frac{(c + d x)^{m+1} \partial_x u}{u \sqrt{-1 - u^2}} dx \end{aligned}$$

Program code:

```
Int[(c_.+d_.*x_)^m_.*(a_.+b_.*ArcCsch[u_]),x_Symbol] :=
  (c+d*x)^(m+1)*(a+b*ArcCsch[u])/(d*(m+1)) -
  b*u/(d*(m+1)*Sqrt[-u^2])*Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(c+d*x)^(m+1)*D[u,x]/(u*Sqrt[-1-u^2]),x],x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,m},x] && NeQ[m,-1] && InverseFunctionFreeQ[u,x] && Not[FunctionOfQ[(c+d*x)^(m+1),u,x]] && Not[FunctionOfExponentialQ[u,x]]
```

3.  $\int v (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[u]) dx$  when  $u$  and  $\int v dx$  are free of inverse functions

1:  $\int v (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[u]) dx$  when  $u$  and  $\int v dx$  are free of inverse functions

Derivation: Integration by parts and piecewise constant extraction

$$\text{Basis: } \partial_x \operatorname{ArcSech}[f[x]] = -\frac{\partial_x f[x]}{f[x]^2 \sqrt{-1 + \frac{1}{f[x]}}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{f[x]}}$$

$$\text{Basis: } \partial_x \frac{\sqrt{1-f[x]^2}}{f[x] \sqrt{-1 + \frac{1}{f[x]}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{f[x]}}} = 0$$

Rule: If  $u$  is free of inverse functions, let  $w = \int v \, dx$ , if  $w$  is free of inverse functions, then

$$\int v (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[u]) \, dx \rightarrow w (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[u]) + b \int \frac{w \partial_x u}{u^2 \sqrt{-1 + \frac{1}{u}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{u}}} \, dx \rightarrow w (a + b \operatorname{ArcSech}[u]) + \frac{b \sqrt{1 - u^2}}{u \sqrt{-1 + \frac{1}{u}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{u}}} \int \frac{w \partial_x u}{u \sqrt{1 - u^2}} \, dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[v_*(a_.+b_.*ArcSech[u_]),x_Symbol] :=
  With[{w=IntHide[v,x]},
    Dist[(a+b*ArcSech[u]),w,x] + b*Sqrt[1-u^2]/(u*Sqrt[-1+1/u]*Sqrt[1+1/u])*Int[SimplifyIntegrand[w*D[u,x]/(u*Sqrt[1-u^2]),x],x] /;
  InverseFunctionFreeQ[w,x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b},x] && InverseFunctionFreeQ[u,x] && Not[MatchQ[v, (c_.+d_.*x)^m_. /; FreeQ[{c,d,m},x]]]
```

2:  $\int v (a + b \operatorname{ArcCsch}[u]) dx$  when  $u$  and  $\int v dx$  are free of inverse functions

Derivation: Integration by parts and piecewise constant extraction

$$\text{Basis: } \partial_x (a + b \operatorname{ArcCsch}[f[x]]) = -\frac{b \partial_x f[x]}{f[x]^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{f[x]^2}}} = \frac{b \partial_x f[x]}{\sqrt{-f[x]^2} \sqrt{-1-f[x]^2}}$$

$$\text{Basis: } \partial_x \frac{f[x]}{\sqrt{-f[x]^2}} = 0$$

Rule: If  $u$  is free of inverse functions, let  $w = \int v dx$ , if  $w$  is free of inverse functions, then

$$\int v (a + b \operatorname{ArcCsch}[u]) dx \rightarrow w (a + b \operatorname{ArcCsch}[u]) - b \int \frac{w \partial_x u}{\sqrt{-u^2} \sqrt{-1-u^2}} dx \rightarrow w (a + b \operatorname{ArcCsch}[u]) - \frac{b u}{\sqrt{-u^2}} \int \frac{w \partial_x u}{u \sqrt{-1-u^2}} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[v_*(a_._+b_._*ArcCsch[u_]),x_Symbol] :=
  With[{w=IntHide[v,x]},
    Dist[(a+b*ArcCsch[u]),w,x] - b*u/Sqrt[-u^2]*Int[SimplifyIntegrand[w*D[u,x]/(u*Sqrt[-1-u^2]),x],x] /;
    InverseFunctionFreeQ[w,x]] /;
  FreeQ[{a,b},x] && InverseFunctionFreeQ[u,x] && Not[MatchQ[v, (c_._+d_._*x)^m_. /; FreeQ[{c,d,m},x]]]
```